PROTOCOL:
Antibody and Protein
Near Infrared (NIR) Labeling
with VivoTag 680 XL Agents

Introduction
VivoTag® 680 XL is a near infrared fluorescent imaging labeling agent containing an N-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS)-ester. Labeling reagents, such as VivoTag 680 XL are commonly used for labeling proteins. The NHS ester moiety reacts with amino groups to form amide bonds. Lysines within proteins, including antibodies, are available as targets for this chemical conjugation.

Protein labeling efficiency may vary depending upon the type of protein labeled, so different conjugation ratios may need to be attempted to attain success. For near infrared fluorophore conjugation, ratios of fluorophore to protein of 4:1 have been seen to generate effective imaging agents. Not all antibodies or proteins (independent of target specificity) make good imaging agents, due to long half-lives and/or excessive accumulation in non-target sites.

General Protocol for Labeling an Antibody with VivoTag 680 XL

Materials Required
- Dimethylsulfoxide
- Conjugation Buffer:
  - 50 mM carbonate/bicarbonate buffer, pH 8.5

1. Prepare 1 mL of a 1 mg/mL solution of antibody in conjugation buffer.
2. Reconstitute 1 mg of VivoTag 680 XL with 100 μL DMSO.
3. Add 10-30 μL of VivoTag 680 XL to protein solution, mix well. Note: it may be advisable to optimize conjugation amounts depending on the protein to be labeled.
4. Incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.
5. Remove non-reacted fluorophore by size exclusion chromatography (BioRad, Bio-Gel P-100).
6. Sterile filter through a 0.2 μm syringe filter.
7. Store labeled protein at 4 °C in the dark until ready to analyze.

Extinction Coefficients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Dye</th>
<th>IgG</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Epsilon</td>
<td>210,000 A/M</td>
<td>210,000 A/M</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Absorbance 280 is 16% of absorbance 670.
**Optical Absorbance/Emission Spectra of VivoTag 680 XL**

**Calculations of Conjugation Ratio**

Take the wavelength absorbance readings of a 1:10 dilution of your conjugate at 670 nm (detects fluorophore) and 280 nm (detects protein and some small contribution of fluorophore) blanked against PBS. Fluorophore absorbance at 280 nm (A280) for VivoTag 680 XL is 16% of the absorbance at 670 nm (A670).

1. Multiply A280 and A670 results by the dilution factor (10).

2. To accurately determine the correct A280 (i.e. adjust for fluorophore crosstalk), multiply the A670 value by the percent of crosstalk for the appropriate fluorophore. Subtract this value from the A280. This gives you a more accurate protein absorbance (i.e. the portion due to protein absorbance only).

3. Calculate protein concentration based on the extinction coefficient (in absorption units per Molar [M] concentration [A/M]) for your relevant protein, using the corrected A280. Convert protein concentration to M units.

4. Calculate fluorophore concentration using the extinction coefficient of your fluorophore.

5. The ratio of the fluorophore and protein molar concentrations will give you the F:P ratio (fluorescence to protein ratio).

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**Example Calculations for VivoTag 680 XL**

**Antibody Conjugation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PBS</th>
<th>Ab</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A280</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corrected A280</td>
<td>0.796</td>
<td>Corrects A280 based upon A670 (subtract 16% of A670 from A280)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A670</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protein (M)</td>
<td>3.79 x 10^{-6}</td>
<td>A280/210,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protein (mg/mL)</td>
<td>0.569</td>
<td>Convert M to mg/mL (IgG MW = 150,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dye (M)</td>
<td>1.5 x 10^{-5}</td>
<td>A670/210,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dye:Protein M ratio</td>
<td>3.96</td>
<td>Ratio of Dye to Protein M values</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes**

PerkinElmer’s VivoTag is intended for research purposes only and is not for human use. It must be used by or directly under the supervision of a technically qualified individual experienced in handling potentially hazardous materials. Please read the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) provided for this product.

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