

Caution: For Laboratory Use. A research product for research purposes only

human Neurotensin Receptor 1 (NTS₁) Cell Line

Product No.: ES-690-C

Lot No.: M1W-C1

Material Provided

| | |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Cells: | 2 x 1 mL frozen aliquot (ES-690-CV) |
| Format: | ~2.5 x 10 ⁶ cells /mL in freezing medium |

Product Information

| | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Cellular Background: | CHO-K1 |
| Cell Line Development: | Our proprietary bicistronic expression plasmid containing the sequence coding for the human Neurotensin Receptor 1 (NTS ₁) was transfected in CHO-K1 cells. Geneticin-resistant clones were obtained by limit dilution and compared for receptor expression levels using a radioligand binding assay. The clone with the highest receptor expression level was selected for characterization in binding and functional assays. |
| DNA Sequence: | Identical to coding sequence of GenBank XM_009612.2. |
| Corresponding Protein Sequence: | Identical to GenBank P30989.2. |
| Receptor expression level (B_{MAX}): | Estimated to be 133 ± 43 pmol/mg protein, using [³ H] Neurotensin. |
| K_D for the above radioligand: | 1.8 ± 0.5 nM |
| Shipping Conditions: | Shipped on dry ice. Please ensure dry ice is still present in the package upon receipt or contact customer support. |
| Storage Conditions: | Store in liquid nitrogen (vapor phase) immediately upon receipt. |

Quality Control

The EC₅₀ for a reference agonist was determined in Calcium flux assay. A mycoplasma test was performed using MycoAlert® (Lonza) mycoplasma detection kit. We certify that these results meet our quality release criteria.

Neurotensin (EC₅₀): 3.8 x 10⁻¹¹ M

Stability: Cells were kept in continuous culture for at least 60 days and showed no decrease of receptor expression level in a saturation binding assay (stable B_{max} and K_d) and no decrease in functional response (EC₅₀, E_{max} in calcium flux assay).

Mycoplasma: This cell line tested negative for mycoplasma.

Assay Procedures

We have shown for many of our GPCR cell lines that freshly thawed cells respond with the same pharmacology as cultured cells. All of our products validated in this way are available as frozen ready-to-use cells in our catalogue. This demonstrates that cells can be prepared and frozen in advance of a screening campaign simplifying assay logistics.

Recommended Cell Culture Conditions (CHO-K1)

- The recommended media catalogue number and supplier reference information are listed in this Product Technical Data Sheet (last page). Media composition is specifically defined for each cell type and receptor expression selection. The use of incorrect media or component substitutions can lead to reduced cell viability, growth issues and/or altered receptor expression.
- Cells undergo major stress upon thawing, and need to adapt to their new environment which may initially affect cell adherence and growth rates. The initial recovery of the cells, and initial doubling time, will vary from laboratory to laboratory, reflecting differences in the origin of culture media and serum, and differences in methodology used within each laboratory.
- For the initial period of cell growth (i.e. until cells have reached Log-phase, typically 4-10 days), we strongly recommend removal of the antibiotics (G418, Zeocin™, Puromycin, Blastidicin, Hygromycin, Penicillin and Streptomycin) from the culture media. Immediately after thawing, cells may be more permeable to antibiotics, and a higher intracellular antibiotic concentration may result as a consequence. Antibiotics should be re-introduced when cells have recovered from the thawing stress.

Growth Medium: Ham's F-12, 10% FBS, 0.4 mg/ml G418 (receptor expression selection).

Freezing Medium: Ham's F-12, 10% FBS with 10% DMSO, without selection agents.

Thawing Cells: Using appropriate personal protective equipment, rapidly place the frozen aliquot in a 37°C water bath (do not submerge) and agitate until its content is thawed completely. Immediately remove from water bath, spray aliquot with 70% ethanol and wipe excess. Under aseptic conditions using a sterile pipette, transfer content to a sterile centrifuge tube containing 10 mL growth medium without antibiotics, pre-warmed at 37°C, and centrifuge (150 x g, 5 min). Discard supernatant using a sterile pipette. Resuspend cell pellet in 10 mL of pre-warmed growth medium without antibiotics by pipetting up and down to break up any clumps, and transfer to an appropriate culture flask (e.g. T-25, T-75 or T-175, see recommended seeding density below). Cells are cultured as a monolayer at 37°C in a humidified atmosphere with 5% CO₂.

Recommended Seeding Density:

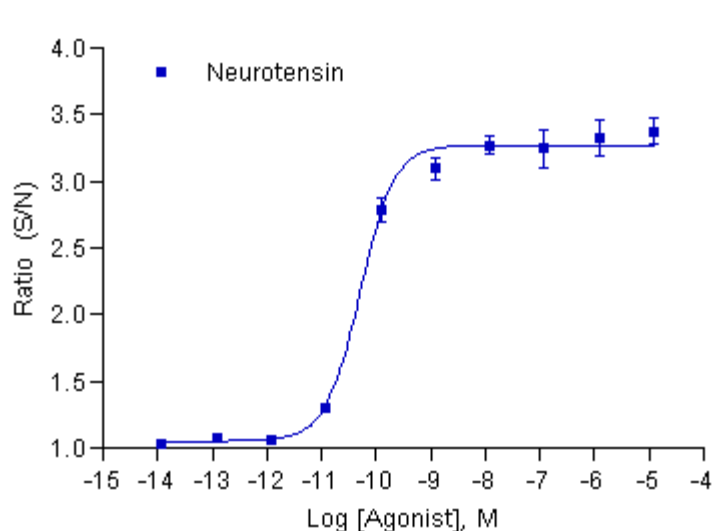
| | |
|------------|---------------------------------------|
| Thawing: | 15 000 – 33 000 cells/cm ² |
| Log-phase: | 11 000 – 15 000 cells/cm ² |

Troubleshooting: Initial doubling time can vary between 18 and 96 hours (Average = 25 hours). If cells are still not adhering after 48 hours or grow very slowly, we recommend maintaining the cells in culture and not replacing the media before 5-6 days (cells secrete factors that can help with adherence and growth). If confluence is still <50% after 5-6 days, it is recommended that you replace the media with fresh media (without antibiotics). Do not passage the cells until they reach 80-90% confluence (Log-phase). If cells have not recovered after 10-12 days, please contact our Technical Support.

Culture Protocol: Under aseptic conditions, cells are grown to 80% confluence (Log-phase) and trypsinized (0.05% trypsin / 0.5 mM EDTA in calcium and magnesium-free PBS). See recommended seeding density for Log-phase above.

Banking Protocol: Cells are grown to 70-80% confluence (Log-phase). Under aseptic conditions, remove medium and rinse the flask with an appropriate volume of calcium and magnesium-free PBS (example 10 mL for T-175). Trypsinize (0.05% trypsin / 0.5 mM EDTA in calcium and magnesium-free PBS) to detach cells (example 5 mL for T-175), let stand 5-10 min at 37°C. Add fresh, room temperature growth medium (without antibiotics) to stop trypsinization and dilute EDTA (example 10 mL for T-175). Transfer cells to a sterile centrifuge tube and centrifuge (150 x g, 5 min). Discard supernatant using a sterile pipette. Resuspend cell pellet in ice-cold freezing medium by pipetting up and down to break up any clumps. Count cells and rapidly aliquot at the selected cell density (e.g. 2.5 x 10⁶ cells/mL) in sterile polypropylene cryovials. Use appropriate material to ensure slow cooling (about 1°C/min) until -70°C. Transfer vials into a liquid nitrogen tank (vapour phase) for storage.

Typical Product Data – Calcium Assay (Fluorescence)



| Agonist | EC ₅₀ (M) |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| Neurotensin | 5.0 x 10 ⁻¹¹ |

Figure 1. Agonist Response in Fluo-4 Calcium Flux assay

An agonist dose-response experiment was performed in 96-well format using 25 000 cells/well. Fluorescence was measured on a FDSS6000 instrument (Hamamatsu Photonics). Data from a representative experiment are shown.

Inositol Phosphate Assay

Preliminary results showed this cell line responds positively in IP assays. Please enquire for IP accumulation assay data availability.

Typical Product Data –Radioligand Binding Assay (Filtration)

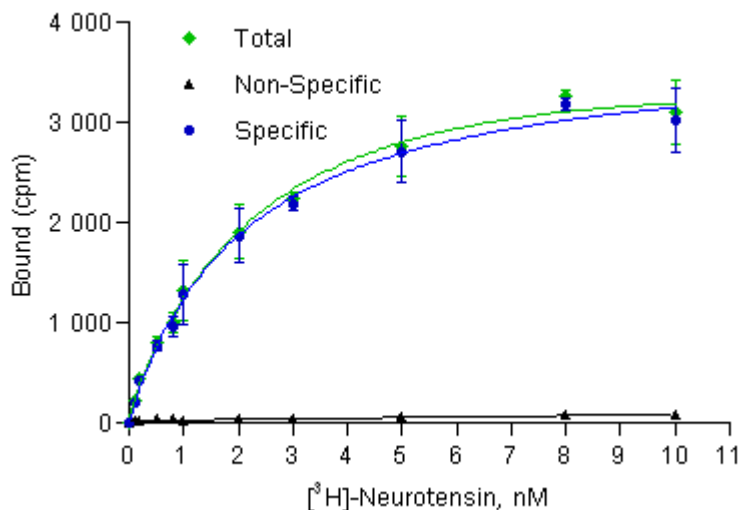
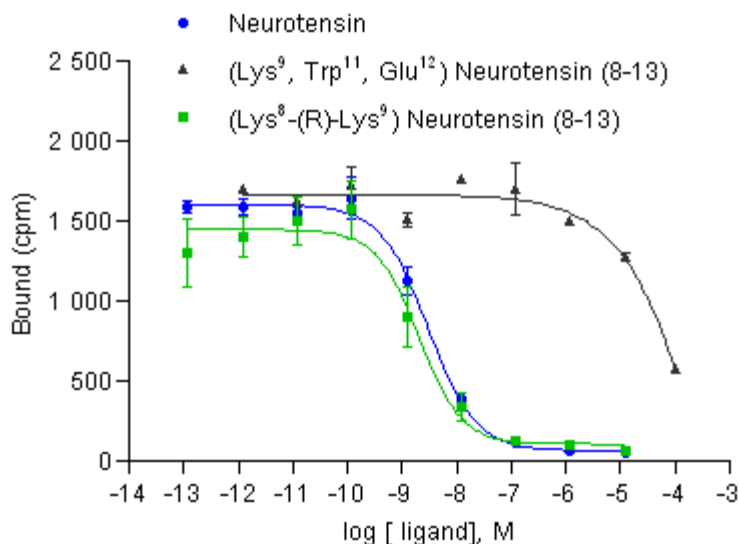


Figure 2: Saturation Binding Assay Curve (Filtration)

A saturation binding assay was performed in 96-well format using 1 µg membranes/well. Counts per minute (cpm) were measured on a TopCount® instrument. Data from a representative experiment are shown.



| Agonist / Antagonist | IC ₅₀ (M) |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Neurotensin | 3.0 x 10 ⁻⁹ |
| (Lys ⁸ -(R)-Lys ⁹) Neurotensin (8-13) | 2.0 x 10 ⁻⁹ |
| (Lys ⁹ , Trp ¹¹ , Glu ¹²) Neurotensin (8-13) | > 10 ⁻⁵ |

Figure 3: Competition Binding Assay Curve (Filtration)

A competition binding assay was performed in 96-well format using 1 µg membranes/well. Displacement of 1.4 nM [³H]-Neurotensin was used. Counts per minute (cpm) were measured on a TopCount® instrument. Data from a representative experiment are shown.

Calcium Assay Procedure (Fluorescence)

Dye solution: 5 μM Fluo-4 AM (Molecular Probes, P-6867), 1 mg/mL Pluronic acid in Assay Buffer

Assay Buffer: 2.5 mM Probenicid, 0.1% BSA, 0.05% Gelatin, 135 mM NaCl, 5 mM KCl, 1.8 mM CaCl_2 , 1 mM MgCl_2 , 10 mM HEPES, 5.6 mM Glucose, pH 7.4

Controls: Maximal Signal: 0.4% Triton X-100 (0.2% final) in Assay Buffer
Minimum signal: 0.4% Triton X-100 (0.2% final), 20 mM EGTA (10 mM final) in Assay Buffer

Reader: FDSS 6000 (Hamamatsu Photonics), Excitation 480 nm / Emission 520 to 560 nm, 96-well

| Day 1 | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. Cell Culture and Harvesting: | Grow cells (mid-log phase) in culture medium without antibiotics for 18 hours, Detach gently with PBS / 0.5 mM EDTA, pH 7.4, Recover by centrifugation, Resuspend in medium without antibiotics at 2.5×10^5 cells/mL. | | |
| 2. Cell Seeding | Distribute 100 μL (i.e. 25,000 cells) in each well of a 96 well black, clear bottom TC sterile plate, incubate overnight in a cell culture incubator (37°C, 5% CO_2). | | |
| Day 2 | | | |
| 3. Cell Loading | Remove the media, and add 100 μL /well of Dye solution. | | |
| 4. Incubation | Incubate the assay plate for 1 hour at 37°C in a cell culture incubator. | | |
| 5. Ligands and compound plates preparation: | Prepare serial dilutions of 2x concentrated ligands in Assay Buffer, Dispense 100 μL /well of diluted ligand in a 96-well plate. <i>Note: Assay can be miniaturized to 384-well format.</i> | | |
| 6. Dye Washing | Drain the media and wash the wells twice with 100 μL /well Assay Buffer, | | |
| 7. Buffer/Antagonist addition | <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Agonist assay: Add Assay Buffer to make a total of 50 μL</td> <td>Antagonist Assay: Add 2x antagonist dilution in Assay Buffer to make a total of 50 μL</td> </tr> </table> | Agonist assay: Add Assay Buffer to make a total of 50 μL | Antagonist Assay: Add 2x antagonist dilution in Assay Buffer to make a total of 50 μL |
| Agonist assay: Add Assay Buffer to make a total of 50 μL | Antagonist Assay: Add 2x antagonist dilution in Assay Buffer to make a total of 50 μL | | |
| 8. Equilibration | Incubate the plate for 20 min at room temperature in the dark. | | |
| 9. Plate Reading: | <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Using the reader's automatic injection system, inject 50 μL per well of 2x agonist solutions in Assay Buffer, and immediately record relative light emission for 90 seconds.</td> <td>Using the reader's automatic injection system, inject 50 μL per well of 2x concentrated reference agonist in Assay Buffer (final EC_{80} concentration), and immediately record relative light emission for 90 seconds.</td> </tr> </table> | Using the reader's automatic injection system, inject 50 μL per well of 2x agonist solutions in Assay Buffer, and immediately record relative light emission for 90 seconds. | Using the reader's automatic injection system, inject 50 μL per well of 2x concentrated reference agonist in Assay Buffer (final EC_{80} concentration), and immediately record relative light emission for 90 seconds. |
| Using the reader's automatic injection system, inject 50 μL per well of 2x agonist solutions in Assay Buffer, and immediately record relative light emission for 90 seconds. | Using the reader's automatic injection system, inject 50 μL per well of 2x concentrated reference agonist in Assay Buffer (final EC_{80} concentration), and immediately record relative light emission for 90 seconds. | | |
| 10. Data Analysis: | The fluorescent signal is expressed as the ratio relative to the first measurement (i.e. before dispensing), and the maximal value of this ratio during the measurement interval is used to draw sigmoidal dose-response curves. | | |

Important Notes:

- Probenicid is prepared as a 250 mM solution in a 50:50 mixture of 1N NaOH : Assay Buffer.

Membrane Radioligand Binding Assay Procedure (Filtration)

Note: The following are recommended assay conditions and may differ from the conditions used to generate the typical data shown in the above section.

Assay Buffer: 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.4 at 27°C, 0.3% BSA

Wash Buffer: 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.4

Radioligand: [³H]-Neurotensin (PerkinElmer # NET605)

Filters: Unifilter 96 GF/C (PerkinElmer # 6005174)

Membrane Binding Protocol:

Binding assays were performed in 550 µL total volume according to the following conditions. All dilutions are performed in assay buffer:

| | |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. Membrane dilution: | 1 µg of membranes per well, diluted in order to dispense 500µL/well. Keep on ice. |
| 2. Assembly on ice (in 96 Deep well plate) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 25 µL of assay buffer or of unlabeled ligand (Neurotensin, 2 µM final) for determination of non specific binding • 25 µL of radioligand at increasing concentrations (see figure 2) • 500 µL of diluted membranes |
| Saturation Binding: | |
| Competition Binding: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 25 µL competitor ligand at increasing concentrations (see figure 3) • 25 µL of radioligand (3.4 nM final) • 500 µL of diluted membranes |
| 3. Incubation: | 60 min at 27°C. |
| 4. Filters preparation: | GF/C filters were presoaked in 0.5 % PEI at room temperature for at least 30 min. |
| 5. Filtration: | Aspirate and wash 9 x 500 µL with ice cold wash buffer using a FilterMate Harvester (PerkinElmer). |
| 6. Counting: | Add 30 µL/well of MicroScint™-O (PerkinElmer # 6013611), cover filter with a TopSeal-A (PerkinElmer # 6050195) and read on a TopCount® (PerkinElmer). |

References

1. Vita N, Laurent P, Lefort S, Chalon P, Dumont X, Kaghad M, Gully D, Le Fur G, Ferrara P, Caput D (1993) Cloning and expression of a complementary DNA encoding a high affinity human neurotensin receptor. *FEBS Letter* 317:139-142.
2. Ferraro L, Tomasini MC, Beggiato S, Guerrini R, Salvadori S, Fuxe K, Calzà L, Tanganelli S, Antonelli T (2009) Emerging evidence for neurotensin receptor 1 antagonists as novel pharmaceuticals in neurodegenerative disorders *Mini Rev Med Chem.* 9:1429-1438.
3. Hwang JI, Kim DK, Kwon HB, Vaudry H, Seong JY (2009) Phylogenetic history, pharmacological features, and signal transduction of neurotensin receptors in vertebrates *Ann N Y Acad Sci.* 1163:169-178.

Materials and Instrumentation

The following tables provide the references of compounds and reagents used or recommended for the characterization of the human Neurotensin Receptor 1 (NTS₁) ValiScreen[®] cell line, as well as some advice on how to use these compounds:

Table 1. References of compounds used for functional characterization and binding assays

| Name | Provider | Cat n° | Working Stock Solution |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| Neurotensin | Bachem | H-4435 | 10 mM in PBS + 0.1% protease-free BSA |
| (Lys ⁸ -(R)-Lys ⁹) Neurotensin (8-13) | Bachem | H-8370 | 10 mM in PBS + 0.1% protease-free BSA |
| (Lys ⁹ , Trp ¹¹ , Glu ¹²) Neurotensin (8-13) (cyclic analog) | Bachem | H-2554 | 1 mM in PBS + 0.1% protease-free BSA |
| [³ H]-Neurotensin | PerkinElmer | NET605 | N/A |

Table 2. References of cell culture media and assay buffers.

| Name | Provider | Cat n° |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------|
| HAM's F-12 | Hyclone | SH30026.02 |
| DMEM | Hyclone | SH30022.02 |
| Advanced DMEM/F12 (serotonin receptors) | Invitrogen | 12634-010 |
| EMEM | BioWitthaker | 06-174G |
| EX-CELL DHFR [®] media (DHFR deficient cell lines) | Sigma | C8862 |
| FBS | Wisent | 80150 |
| FBS dialyzed | Wisent | 80950 |
| G418 (geneticin) | Wisent | 400-130-IG |
| Zeocin | Invitrogen | R25005 |
| Blasticidin | invitrogen | R210-01 |
| Puromycin | Wisent | 400-160-EM |
| Standard HBSS (with CaCl ₂ and MgCl ₂) | GIBCO | 14025 |
| HEPES | MP Biomedicals, LLC | 101926 |
| BSA, Protease-free | Sigma | A-3059 |
| PEI | Sigma | P3143 |
| Trypsin-EDTA | Hyclone | SH30236.02 |
| Sodium Pyruvate | GIBCO | 11360 |
| L-Glutamine | GIBCO | 25030 |
| NEAA (non-essential amino acids) | GIBCO | 11140 |
| Forskolin | Sigma | F6886 |

Please visit our website: www.perkinelmer.com/CellLines for additional information on materials, microplates and instrumentation.

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