

Caution: For Laboratory Use. A research reagent for research purposes only

**human Chemokine CXCR3A Receptor Aequorin Cell Line****Product No.: ES-142-A****Lot No.: M2W-A2****Material Provided**

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| <b>Cells:</b>  | 2 x 1 mL frozen aliquots (ES-142-AV)                 |
| <b>Format:</b> | ~2.5 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cells / mL in freezing medium |

**Product Information**

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Cellular Background:</b>                         | CHO-K1  |
| <b>Cell Line Development:</b>                       | Our proprietary bicistronic expression plasmid containing the sequence coding for the human Chemokine CXCR3 receptor (isoform A) was transfected in CHO-K1 cells stably expressing the mitochondrially targeted Aequorin and G <sub>α16</sub> . Geneticin-resistant clones were obtained by limit dilution and compared for their response to a reference agonist using the AequoScreen® assay. |
| <b>DNA Sequence:</b>                                | Identical to coding sequence of GenBank NM_001504.1.  |
| <b>Corresponding Protein Sequence:</b>              | Identical to GenBank NP_001495.1.   |
| <b>Receptor expression level (B<sub>MAX</sub>):</b> | Estimated to be around 21 pmol/mg protein, using [ <sup>125</sup> I]I-TAC.  |
| <b>K<sub>D</sub> for the above radioligand:</b>     | 0.78 nM   |
| <b>Shipping Conditions:</b>                         | Shipped on dry ice. Please ensure dry ice is still present in the package upon receipt or contact Customer Support.   |
| <b>Storage Conditions:</b>                          | Store in liquid nitrogen (vapor phase) immediately upon receipt.  |

## Quality Control

The EC<sub>50</sub> for a reference agonist was determined in an AequoScreen<sup>®</sup> assay performed on a MicroLumat Plus (Berthold) instrument. A mycoplasma test was performed using MycoAlert<sup>®</sup> Mycoplasma (Lonza) detection kit. We certify that these results meet our quality release criteria.

**human I-TAC (CXCL11) (EC<sub>50</sub>):** 21 nM

**Stability:** Cells were kept in continuous culture for at least 60 days and showed no decrease in functional response (EC<sub>50</sub>, E<sub>max</sub>).

**Mycoplasma:** This cell line tested negative for mycoplasma.

## Recommended Cell Culture Conditions

**Complete Medium:** Ham's F-12, 10% FBS, 0.4 mg/mL Geneticin (receptor expression selection), 0.25 mg/mL Zeocin (Aequorin and G<sub>α16</sub> expression selection).

**Freezing Medium:** Ham's F-12, 10% FBS with 10% DMSO, without selection agents.

**Thawing Cells:** Using appropriate personal protective equipment, place the frozen aliquot in a 37°C water bath (do not submerge) and agitate until its content is thawed completely. Immediately remove from water bath, spray aliquot with 70% ethanol and wipe excess with a towel. Under aseptic conditions using a pipette, transfer content to 10 mL complete medium and centrifuge (150 x g, 5 min). Resuspend cell pellet in 10 mL of complete medium and transfer to an appropriate culture flask (see recommended seeding density below). Cells are cultured as a monolayer at 37°C in a humidified atmosphere with 5% CO<sub>2</sub>.

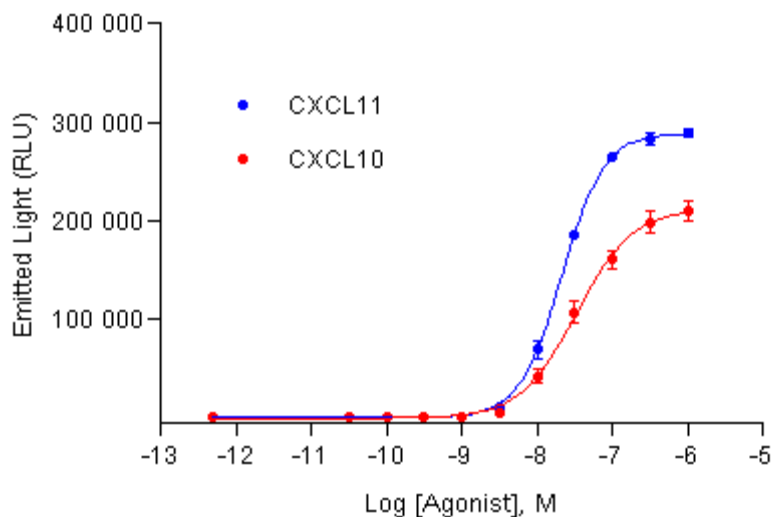
**Recommended Seeding Density:** 11 000 - 15 000 cells/cm<sup>2</sup>

**Cell Culture Protocol:** Typically, for regular cell culture maintenance, cells are grown to 80% confluence and trypsinized (0.05% trypsin / 0.5 mM EDTA in calcium and magnesium free HBSS).

## Assay Procedures

We have shown for many of our GPCR cell lines that freshly thawed cells respond with the same pharmacology as cultured cells. All of our products validated in this way are available as frozen ready-to-use cells in our catalogue. PerkinElmer also offers a custom service for the preparation of large quantities of frozen cryopreserved cells either from a catalogue cell line or a customer's own cell line. This demonstrates that cells can be prepared and frozen in advance of a screening campaign simplifying assay logistics.

## Typical Product Data – AequoScreen® Assay

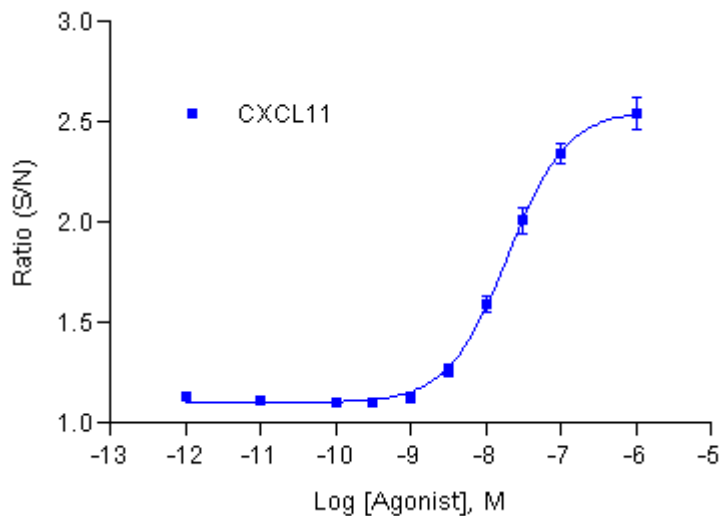


| Agonist      | EC <sub>50</sub> (M)   | % of Digitonin response |
|--------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| I-TAC/CXCL11 | 2.2 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> | 61                      |
| IP-10/CXCL10 | 3.3 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> | 47                      |

**Figure 1: Agonist Response in AequoScreen® assay**

An agonist dose-response experiment was performed in 96-well format using 25 000 cells/well. Luminescence was measured on a MicroLumat Plus (Berthold). Data from a representative experiment are shown.

## Typical Product Data – Calcium Assay (Fluorescence)

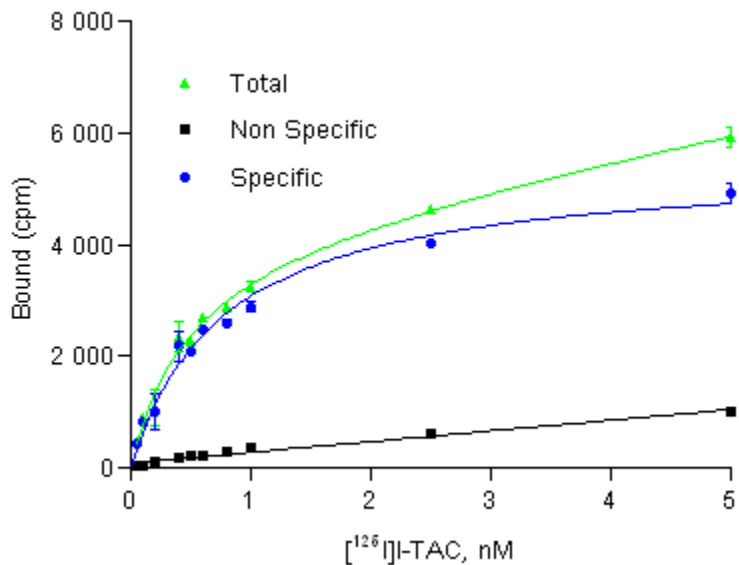


| Agonist      | EC <sub>50</sub> (M)   |
|--------------|------------------------|
| I-TAC/CXCL11 | 1.7 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> |

**Figure 2: Agonist Response in Fluo-4 Calcium assay**

An agonist dose-response experiment was performed in 96-well format using 25 000 cells/well. Fluorescence was measured on a FDSS6000 (Hamamatsu Photonics). Data from a representative experiment are shown.

## Typical Product Data –Radioligand Binding Assay (Filtration)



**Figure 3: Saturation Binding Assay Curve (Filtration)**

A saturation binding assay was performed in polyethylene MiniSorp (Nunc) tubes format using 2 µg membranes/tube. Counts per minute (CPM) were measured on the TopCount<sup>®</sup>. Data from a representative experiment are shown.

## AequoScreen® Assay Procedure (MicroBeta® JET)

**Assay Buffer:** DMEM / HAM's F12 with HEPES, without phenol red (Invitrogen # 11039-021) + 0.1 % protease-free BSA (from 10% solution sterilized by filtration at 0.22 µm). Store at 4°C.

**Coelenterazine h:** To prepare a 500 µM Coelenterazine h stock solution, solubilize 250 µg of Coelenterazine h (Promega # S2011 or Invitrogen # C6780) in 1227 µL methanol. Store at -20°C in the dark.

**Digitonin:** To prepare a 50 mM Digitonin stock solution, dissolve 1 g of Digitonin (Sigma # D5628) in 16.27 mL of DMSO. Aliquot and store at -20°C.

|                                    |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| 1. Cell Culture and Harvesting:    | Grow cells (mid-log phase) in culture medium without antibiotics for 18 hours, Detach gently with PBS / 0.5 mM EDTA, pH 7.4. Recover by centrifugation. Resuspend in Assay Buffer at a concentration of $3 \times 10^5$ cells/mL.   |
| 2. Coelenterazine Loading:         | Under sterile conditions, add "Coelenterazine h" at a final concentration of 5 µM to the cell suspension, mix well. Incubate at room temperature protected from light and with constant gentle agitation for at least 4 hours (incubation can be extended overnight).   |
| 3. Cell Dilution:                  | Dilute cells 3x in assay buffer and incubate as described above for 60 min.   |
| 4. Ligands and plates preparation: | Prepare serial dilutions of ligands in assay buffer (2x concentration for agonists, 2x concentration for antagonists). Dispense 50 µL of diluted ligand in a 96-well Optiplate™. <i>Note: Assay can be miniaturized to 384-well and 1536-well formats.</i>  |
| 5. Agonist Mode Reading:           | Using the reader's automatic injection system, inject 50 µL of cells (i.e. 5 000 cells) per well and immediately record relative light emission for 20-40 seconds. Digitonin at a final concentration of 100 µM in assay buffer is used in control wells to measure the receptor independent cellular calcium response. |
| 6. Antagonist Mode Reading:        | After 15 minutes of incubation of the cells with the ligand, using the reader's automatic injection system, inject 50 µL of the reference agonist at a final concentration equivalent to the $EC_{80}$ and immediately record relative light emission for 20-40 seconds.  |
| 7. Data Analysis:                  | Sigmoidal dose-response curves are generated using average Luminescent Counts Per Second (LCPS) recorded for 20-40 sec immediately after cells are mixed with the agonist in agonist mode or the $EC_{80}$ of a reference agonist in antagonist mode.   |

### Important Notes:

- Temperature should remain below 25°C during the coelenterazine loading of the cells, and until using the cells for the readings. Excessive heating by the cell stirrer for example will result in signal loss.
- Depending on (1) sensitivity of the reader used, (2) plate format used, and (3) assay characteristics wanted, it is possible to load cells at (a) different concentrations of cells and coelenterazine, (b) with different subsequent dilution factors, and (c) using different cell numbers per well. This is part of the validation work when importing an assay to a new reader.
- For tips and examples on running AequoScreen® assays on different readers, please refer to the AequoScreen® Starter Kit Manual available at [www.perkinelmer.com/CellLines](http://www.perkinelmer.com/CellLines).

## Calcium Assay Procedure (Fluorescence)

**Dye solution:** 5  $\mu\text{M}$  Fluo-4 AM (Molecular Probes, P-6867), 1 mg/mL Pluronic acid in Assay Buffer

**Assay Buffer:** 2.5 mM Probenicid, 0.1% BSA, 0.05% Gelatin, 135 mM NaCl, 5 mM KCl, 1.8 mM  $\text{CaCl}_2$ , 1 mM  $\text{MgCl}_2$ , 10 mM HEPES, 5.6 mM Glucose, pH 7.4

**Controls:** Maximal Signal: 0.4% Triton X-100 (0.2% final) in Assay Buffer  
Minimum signal: 0.4% Triton X-100 (0.2% final), 20 mM EGTA (10 mM final) in Assay Buffer

**Reader:** FDSS 6000 (Hamamatsu Photonics), Excitation 480 nm / Emission 520 to 560 nm, 96-well

| Day 1   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1. Cell Culture and Harvesting:   | Grow cells (mid-log phase) in culture medium without antibiotics for 18 hours, Detach gently with PBS / 0.5 mM EDTA, pH 7.4, Recover by centrifugation, Resuspend in medium without antibiotics at $2.5 \times 10^5$ cells/mL.  |   |   |
| 2. Cell Seeding   | Distribute 100 $\mu\text{L}$ (i.e. 25,000 cells) in each well of a 96 well black, clear bottom TC sterile plate, incubate overnight in a cell culture incubator (37°C, 5% $\text{CO}_2$ ).  |   |   |
| Day 2   |   |   |   |
| 3. Cell Loading   | Remove the media, and add 100 $\mu\text{L}$ /well of Dye solution.  |   |   |
| 4. Incubation   | Incubate the assay plate for 1 hour at 37°C in a cell culture incubator.  |   |   |
| 5. Ligands and compound plates preparation:   | Prepare serial dilutions of 2x concentrated ligands in Assay Buffer, Dispense 100 $\mu\text{L}$ /well of diluted ligand in a 96-well plate.<br><i>Note: Assay can be miniaturized to 384-well format.</i>   |   |   |
| 6. Dye Washing  | Drain the media and wash the wells twice with 100 $\mu\text{L}$ /well buffer A,   |   |   |
| 7. Buffer/Antagonist addition   | <table border="1"> <tr> <td><b>Agonist assay:</b><br/>Add Assay Buffer to make a total of 50 <math>\mu\text{L}</math></td> <td><b>Antagonist Assay:</b><br/>Add 2x antagonist dilution in Assay Buffer to make a total of 50 <math>\mu\text{L}</math></td> </tr> </table>   | <b>Agonist assay:</b><br>Add Assay Buffer to make a total of 50 $\mu\text{L}$   | <b>Antagonist Assay:</b><br>Add 2x antagonist dilution in Assay Buffer to make a total of 50 $\mu\text{L}$  |
| <b>Agonist assay:</b><br>Add Assay Buffer to make a total of 50 $\mu\text{L}$   | <b>Antagonist Assay:</b><br>Add 2x antagonist dilution in Assay Buffer to make a total of 50 $\mu\text{L}$  |   |   |
| 8. Equilibration  | Incubate the plate for 20 min at room temperature in the dark.  |   |   |
| 9. Plate Reading:   | <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Using the reader's injection system, inject 50 <math>\mu\text{L}</math> per well of 2x agonist solutions in Assay Buffer, and immediately record relative light emission for 90 seconds.</td> <td>Using the reader's injection system, inject 50 <math>\mu\text{L}</math> per well of 2x concentrated reference agonist in Assay Buffer (final <math>\text{EC}_{80}</math> concentration), and immediately record relative light emission for 90 seconds.</td> </tr> </table> | Using the reader's injection system, inject 50 $\mu\text{L}$ per well of 2x agonist solutions in Assay Buffer, and immediately record relative light emission for 90 seconds. | Using the reader's injection system, inject 50 $\mu\text{L}$ per well of 2x concentrated reference agonist in Assay Buffer (final $\text{EC}_{80}$ concentration), and immediately record relative light emission for 90 seconds. |
| Using the reader's injection system, inject 50 $\mu\text{L}$ per well of 2x agonist solutions in Assay Buffer, and immediately record relative light emission for 90 seconds. | Using the reader's injection system, inject 50 $\mu\text{L}$ per well of 2x concentrated reference agonist in Assay Buffer (final $\text{EC}_{80}$ concentration), and immediately record relative light emission for 90 seconds.   |   |   |
| 10. Data Analysis:  | The fluorescent signal is expressed as the ratio relative to the first measurement (i.e. before dispensing), and the maximal value of this ratio during the measurement interval is used to draw sigmoidal dose-response curves.  |   |   |

### Important Notes:

- Probenicid is prepared as a 250 mM solution in a 50:50 mixture of 1N NaOH : Assay Buffer.

## Membrane Radioligand Binding Assay Procedure (Filtration)

Note: The following are recommended assay conditions and may differ from the conditions used to generate the typical data shown in the above section.

**Assay Buffer:** 25 mM HEPES pH 7.4, 5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 1 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>, sucrose 250 mM, NaCl 100 mM, 0.5% BSA

**Wash Buffer:** 25 mM HEPES pH 7.4, 5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 1 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>, 500 mM NaCl (ice cold)

**Radioligand:** [<sup>125</sup>I]-TAC (PerkinElmer # NEX376)

**Filters:** Unifilter 96 GF/B (PerkinElmer #6005177)

### Membrane Binding Protocol:

Binding assays were performed in 200 µL total volume according to the following conditions. All dilutions are performed in assay buffer:

|   |  |
|---|--|
| 1. Membrane dilution:                         | 2 µg of membranes per well, diluted in order to dispense 150 µL/well. Keep on ice.   |
| 2. Assembly on ice<br>(in 96 Deep well plate) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 25 µL of assay buffer or of unlabeled ligand (human I-TAC/CXCL11, 1 µM final) for determination of non specific binding</li> <li>• 25 µL of radioligand at increasing concentrations (see figure 3)</li> <li>• 150 µL of diluted membranes</li> </ul> |
| <b>Saturation Binding:</b>                    |  |
| <b>Competition Binding:</b>                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 25 µL competitor ligand at increasing concentrations</li> <li>• 25 µL of radioligand (0.04 nM final)</li> <li>• 150 µL of diluted membranes</li> </ul>  |
| 3. Incubation:                                | 60 min at 27 °C.   |
| 4. Filters preparation:                       | GF/B filters were presoaked in 0.5 % PEI at room temperature for at least 30 min.  |
| 5. Filtration:                                | Aspirate and wash 9 x 500 µL with ice cold wash buffer using a FilterMate Harvester (PerkinElmer).   |
| 6. Counting:                                  | Add 30 µL/well of MicroScint™ -O (PerkinElmer # 6013611), cover filter with a TopSeal-A (PerkinElmer # 6005185) and read on a TopCount® (PerkinElmer).   |

## References

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6. Cox M.A., Jenh CH, Gonsiorek W, Fine J, Narula SK, Zavodny PJ, Hipkin RW. (2001) Human interferon-inducible 10-kDa protein and human interferon-inducible T cell alpha chemoattractant are allotropic ligands for human CXCR3: differential binding to receptor states. *Mol. Pharmacol.* 59, 707-715.
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## Materials and Instrumentation

The following tables provide the references of compounds and reagents used for the characterization of the human Chemokine CXCR3 receptor Aequorin cell line, as well as some advice on how to use these compounds:

**Table 1. References of compounds used for functional characterization and binding assays**

| Name                    | Provider    | Cat n° | Working Stock Solution                  |
|-------------------------|-------------|--------|---|
| human I-TAC/CXCL11      | R&D systems | 266-IP | 0,01 mM in PBS + 0.1% protease-free BSA |
| human IP-10/CXCL10      | R&D systems | 672-IT | 0,01 mM in PBS + 0.1% protease-free BSA |
| [ <sup>125</sup> I]-TAC | PerkinElmer | NEX376 | N/A                                     |

**Table 2. References of cell culture media and additives.**

*Note: The table below lists generic media and additives typically used for PerkinElmer cell lines. For product specific media and additives, please refer to the "Recommended Cell Culture Conditions" section.*

| Name  | Provider            | Cat n°     |
|---|---------------------|------------|
| HAM's F-12  | Hyclone             | SH30026.02 |
| DMEM  | Hyclone             | SH30022.02 |
| UltraCHO (serotonin receptors)                                | BioWitthaker        | 12-724-Q   |
| EMEM  | BioWitthaker        | 06-174G    |
| DHFR <sup>-</sup> HAM's F-12 (for DHFR deficient cell lines)  | Sigma               | C8862      |
| FBS   | Wisent              | 80150      |
| FBS dialyzed  | Wisent              | 80950      |
| G418 (geneticin)  | Wisent              | 400-130-IG |
| Zeocin  | Invitrogen          | R25005     |
| Blasticidin   | invitrogen          | R210-01    |
| Puromycin   | Wisent              | 400-160-EM |
| Standard HBSS (with CaCl <sub>2</sub> and MgCl <sub>2</sub> ) | GIBCO               | 14025      |
| HEPES   | MP Biomedicals, LLC | 101926     |
| BSA, Protease-free  | Sigma               | A-3059     |
| PEI   | Sigma               | P3143      |
| Trypsin-EDTA  | Hyclone             | SH30236.02 |
| Sodium Pyruvate   | GIBCO               | 11360      |
| L-Glutamine   | GIBCO               | 25030      |
| NEAA (non-essential amino acids)                              | GIBCO               | 11140      |

Please visit our website: [www.perkinelmer.com/CellLines](http://www.perkinelmer.com/CellLines) for additional information on materials, microplates and instrumentation.

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